

**Proposals for Consideration in the
Open Consultation for the
2020 Comprehensive Review**

6 August 2019

Introduction

General Information: This document contains the list of proposals included in the Open Consultation for the 2020 Comprehensive Review. The IAEG-SDG is seeking inputs on a set of proposals it is considering for the 2020 Comprehensive Review and the Open Consultation is the vehicle by which the international community can voice its opinion on these proposals.

The online Open Consultation form can be accessed by following this link: http://bit.ly/2020Review_Conult

All interested parties can provide inputs for any of the proposals and can toggle between the different goals. The Open Consultation will be Open through **8 September 2019**. At the conclusion of the consultation, the IAEG-SDG will review the inputs received and developed a refined set of proposals that will be presented and discussed at the 10th meeting of the IAEG-SDG, which will take place **21-24 October** in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia.

This document contains a compilation of all proposals included in the Open Consultation. The document indicates if the proposal is a revision, replacement, additional indicator or a deletion and also provides information on the proposed custodian agency and if data and metadata are available.

The Open Consultation Form also contains links to supplementary information for many of the proposals.

If there are any questions concerning the Open Consultation or if anyone encounters any issues using the online form, please contact Benjamin Rae (raeb@un.org).

2020 Comprehensive Review Proposals - Proposals for Open Consultation

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere									
1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	UN-Habitat	UNICEF, WHO	Tier II					
	1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, (a) with legally recognized documentation, and (b) who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and type of tenure	World Bank, UN-Habitat	FAO, UNSD, UN Women, UNEP, IFAD	Tier II					
					Revision of metadata for indicator 1.4.1	Metadata Revision	UN-Habitat	Yes	Yes
1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	1.a.1 Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government directly to poverty reduction programmes			Tier III					Yes - propose deletion
	1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)	Under discussion among agencies (ILO, UNESCO-UIS, WHO)		Tier II					Yes - propose deletion
	1.a.3 Sum of total grants and non-debt-creating inflows directly allocated to poverty reduction programmes as a proportion of GDP			Tier III					
					Replacement of indicator 1.a.3: "Total official development assistance (ODA) grants from all donors that focus on poverty reduction as a share of the recipient country's gross national income"	Replacement	OECD	Yes	Yes
1.b Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions	1.b.1 Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionately benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups			Tier III					Yes - request indicator replacement proposals during open consultation
Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture									
2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age	UNICEF, WHO		Tier I					

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
	2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight)	UNICEF, WHO		Tier I					
					Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15-49 years, by pregnancy status (%)	Additional	WHO	Yes	Yes
					Percentage of infants 0-5 months of age who are fed exclusively with breast milk during the previous day	Additional	UNICEF	Yes	Yes
					Prevalence of low birthweight	Additional	WHO/ UNICEF	Yes	Yes
2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries	2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures	FAO		Tier I					
	2.a.2 Total official flows (official development assistance plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector	OECD	FAO	Tier I					
					Agriculture Orientation Index (AOI) for credit	Additional	FAO	Yes	Yes
Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages									
3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	WHO		Tier I					
	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate	WHO		Tier I					
					Proportion of persons with a severe mental disorder (psychosis, bipolar affective disorder, or moderate-severe depression) who are using services	Additional	WHO	Yes	Yes
3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders	WHO, UNODC		Tier III					
	3.5.2 Harmful use of alcohol, defined according to the national context as alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol	WHO		Tier I					
					Age-standardized prevalence of heavy episodic drinking among adolescents and adults	Replacement	WHO	Yes	Yes (as replacement of 3.5.2)

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States	3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution	WHO		Tier I					
					Public spending on primary health care (PHC) as a per cent of GDP	Additional	WHO	Yes	Yes
3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks	3.d.1 International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness	WHO		Tier I					
					Reduce the percentage of bloodstream infections due to selected antimicrobial resistant organisms	Additional	WHO	Yes	Yes
Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all									
4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex	UNESCO-UIS	OECD	Tier II					
					Proportion of population achieving at least a minimum level of proficiency in (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex, age and educational level	Replacement	UNESCO-UIS	Same as metadata for indicator 4.6.1	Yes
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex	UNESCO-UIS	OECD, Eurostat, ILO	Tier II					
					Gross enrollment ratio in tertiary education, by sex	Additional	UNESCO	Yes	Yes
4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex	UNESCO-UIS	World Bank, OECD	Tier II					
					Proportion of population achieving at least a minimum level of proficiency in (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills, by sex, age and educational level	Replacement	UNESCO-UIS	Same as metadata for indicator 4.6.1	Yes
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls									

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	UNICEF, UN Women, UNFPA, WHO, UNODC	UNSD, UNDP	Tier II					
	5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by age and place of occurrence	UNICEF, UN Women, UNFPA, WHO, UNODC	UNSD, UNDP	Tier II					
					UN Women proposes to replace 5.2.2 with: "Proportion of women aged 20-29 who have ever experienced sexual violence by a non-partner since age 15"	Replacement	UNFPA, UNICEF, UNODC, UN Women, WHO	Forthcoming	Yes
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all									
7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support	7.b.1 Investments in energy efficiency as a proportion of GDP and the amount of foreign direct investment in financial transfer for infrastructure and technology to sustainable development services	IEA		Tier III					
					Installed renewable electricity generating capacity in developing countries (in Watts per capita)	Replacement	IRENA	Yes	Yes
Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all									
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	ILO		Tier II					
					Proportion of informal employment in agriculture employment and non-agriculture employment, by sex	Revision	ILO	No	Yes, replacement indicator that includes all informal employment, disaggregated by agricultural and non-agricultural sectors
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities	ILO		Tier II					

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	ILO		Tier I					
					Employment-to-population ratio by sex, age and disability status	Additional	ILO	Yes	Yes
8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate	UNWTO	UNEP	Tier II					
	8.9.2 Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs	UNWTO		Tier III					
					Replacement of 8.9.2: Number of employees in tourism industries	Replacement	UN-WTO	Yes	Yes
					Energy use by tourism industries	Additional	UN-WTO	Yes	Yes
Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries									
10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population	World Bank		Tier II					
					Palma Ratio	Additional	World Bank or OECD	No	Yes
					Gross national income (GNI) among the bottom 40 per cent of the population compared to the top 10 per cent of the population and the total population.	Replacement	World Bank	No	Yes
10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	10.4.1 Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers	ILO	IMF	Tier II					
					Redistributive Impact of Fiscal Policy	Additional	World Bank or IMF	Yes	Yes
					Gini Coefficient	Additional	World Bank or OECD	No	Yes
10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies	10.7.1 Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of monthly income earned in country of destination	ILO, World Bank		Tier II					
	10.7.2 Number of countries with migration policies that facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people	DESA Population Division, IOM	World Bank, Global Migration Group, UNHCR, UNODC,	Tier II					
					Number of migrants killed while attempting to cross maritime, land and air borders	Additional	IOM	Yes	Yes
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable									

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning	11.a.1 Proportion of population living in cities that implement urban and regional development plans integrating population projections and resource needs, by size of city	UN-Habitat	UNFPA	Tier III					
					Number of countries that have national urban policies or regional development plans that: (a) respond to populations dynamics; (b) ensure balanced territorial development; (c) increase local fiscal space	Replacement	UN-Habitat	Yes	Yes
11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials	11.c.1 Proportion of financial support to the least developed countries that is allocated to the construction and retrofitting of sustainable, resilient and resource-efficient buildings utilizing local materials	UN-Habitat		Tier III					Yes, request replacement proposal during open consultation
Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns									
12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production	12.a.1 Amount of support to developing countries on research and development for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies	Under discussion among agencies (OECD, UNEP, UNESCO-UIS, World Bank)		Tier III					Yes, request replacement proposal during open consultation
12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and implemented action plans with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools	UNWTO	UNEP	Tier III					
					Replacement of 12.b.1 with: Implementation of standard accounting tools to monitor the economic and environmental aspects of tourism sustainability	Replacement	UN-WTO	Yes	Yes
Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts^[a]									
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	13.2.1 Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other)	UNFCCC	UNEP, WMO, WHO	Tier III					
					Total Greenhouse Gas Emissions per year	Additional	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
					Number of NDCs and long-term strategies	Replacement	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
					Greenhouse Gas concentrations	Additional	WMO	Yes	Yes
					"Number of national adaptation plans, strategies as reported in adaptation communications, UNFCCC national adaptation plans nationally determined contributions, and national communications	Additional	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning	13.3.1 Number of countries that have integrated mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning into primary, secondary and tertiary curricula	UNFCCC, UNESCO-UIS	UNEP, WHO, WMO, FAO	Tier III					
	13.3.2 Number of countries that have communicated the strengthening of institutional, systemic and individual capacity-building to implement adaptation, mitigation and technology transfer, and development actions	UNFCCC, UNESCO-UIS	UNEP, WHO, WMO, FAO	Tier III					
					Align 13.3.1 with UNESCO indicator 4.7.1/12.8.1	Replacement of 13.3.1	UNESCO-UIS	Tier III Work plan submitted	Yes
					Number of national experts trained under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change for effective climate change-related planning and management, by sex	Replacement of 13.3.2	UNFCCC	Tier III Work plan submitted	Yes
13.a Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible	13.a.1 Mobilized amount of United States dollars per year between 2020 and 2025 accountable towards the \$100 billion commitment	UNFCCC, OECD	UNEP	Tier III					
					Amounts provided and mobilized in United States dollars per year in relation to the continued existing collective mobilization goal of the \$100 billion commitment through to 2025	Replacement of 13.a.1	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
					Total pledges to the GCF and funding channelled to projects and programmes	Additional Indicator for Target 13.a	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	13.b.1 Number of least developed countries and small island developing States that are receiving specialized support, and amount of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change-related planning and management, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	OHRLLS, Regional Commissions, AOSIS, SIDS, Samoa Pathway	UNDRR, UNFCCC, WMO	Tier III					
					Number of LDCs and SIDS that have successfully prepared a UNFCCC national adaptation plan or other relevant adaptation plan	Replacement of indicator 13.b.1	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
					Number of national experts trained under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities, by sex	Additional Indicator for Target 13.b	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
					Number of LDCs and SIDS that are successfully implementing adaptation projects under the UNFCCC funds and technology mechanism	Additional Indicator for Target 13.b	UNFCCC	Yes	Yes
Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development									
14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans	14.2.1 Proportion of national exclusive economic zones managed using ecosystem-based approaches	UNEP	IOC-UNESCO, FAO	Tier III					
					Ocean Health Index	Replacement	UNEP-WCMC	Yes	Yes
14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”	14.c.1 Number of countries making progress in ratifying, accepting and implementing through legal, policy and institutional frameworks, ocean-related instruments that implement international law, as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, for the conservation and sustainable use of the oceans and their resources	UN-DOALOS, FAO, UNEP, ILO, other UN-Oceans agencies		Tier III					Yes, request replacement proposal during open consultation
Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and									

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species	15.5.1 Red List Index	IUCN	UNEP, CITES	Tier I					
					Living Planet Index	Additional	UNEP-WCMC	Yes	Yes
15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts	15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011–2020	CBD-Secretariat, UNEP		Tier III					
					Propose that indicator has two parts: (a) Number of countries that established national targets in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 in their National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plans (MBSAP) and the progress reported towards these targets; (b) Integration of biodiversity values into national accounting and reporting systems, defined as implementation of the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting	Revision	CBD, UNEP, UNSD	Yes	Yes
15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems	15.a.1 Official development assistance and public expenditure on conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems	OECD, UNEP, World Bank		Tier I/III					
					Revenue generated and finance mobilised from biodiversity-relevant economic instruments	Additional	OECD	Yes	Yes
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels									
16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms	UNODC		Tier II					
	16.3.2 Unsensetenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population	UNODC		Tier I					
					Proportion of the population who are refugees, by country of origin	Additional	UNHCR	Yes	Yes
16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels	16.6.1 Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar)	World Bank		Tier I					
	16.6.2 Proportion of population satisfied with their last experience of public services	UNDP		Tier II					

Target	Indicator	Possible Custodian Agency(ies)	Partner Agency(ies)	Updated Tier Classification	Indicator Proposals 2020 Comprehensive Review	Additional/ Replacement/ Revision/ Deletion	Proposed Custodian Agency	Metadata Submitted	Include in Open Consultation
					Proportion of the population reporting trust in public institutions	Additional	OECD	Yes	Yes
Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development									
Finance									
17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources	17.3.1 Foreign direct investment (FDI), official development assistance and South-South cooperation as a proportion of total domestic budget	OECD, UNCTAD		Tier I					
	17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP	World Bank		Tier I					
					Total official support for sustainable development (TOSSD)	Additional indicator	OECD	Yes	Yes
					Foreign direct investment (FDI), official development assistance and South-South cooperation as a proportion of gross national income (GNI)	Replacement of 17.3.1 or additional indicator for target 17.3	OECD, UNCTAD	Yes	Yes
Technology									
17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism	17.6.1 Number of science and/or technology cooperation agreements and programmes between countries, by type of cooperation	UNESCO-UIS		Tier III					Yes, request replacement proposals for this indicator
	17.6.2 Fixed Internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed	ITU		Tier I					
Systemic issues									
<i>Data, monitoring and accountability</i>									
17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	UNSD	UNEP, UNFPA	Tier III					
	17.18.2 Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	PARIS21		Tier II					
	17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding	PARIS21	UNSD, Regional Commissions, World Bank		Tier I				
					Deletion of 17.18.1	Deletion			Yes

^[a] Acknowledging that the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change is the primary international, intergovernmental forum for negotiating the global response to climate change.

^[b] Taking into account ongoing World Trade Organization negotiations, the Doha Development Agenda and the Hong Kong ministerial mandate.