The Universal Prevention Curriculum for Substance Use aims to address the need for knowledgeable and competent professionals working in the prevention field. This training series is designed to meet the current demand for an evidence-based curriculum for substance use prevention that would complement the existing Universal Treatment Curriculum for Substance Use Disorders (UTC) for addiction treatment professionals. It has been developed for managers and supervisors of government programs and community-based organizations as well as prevention practitioners for working in evidence-based prevention at the grassroots level.

The development of the UPC is in accordance with science-based information and skills-based prevention training, and founded on the International Standards on Drug Use Prevention developed by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC). It is written by prevention researchers who are specialists in substance use epidemiology and evaluation, and in prevention strategies that are delivered to families; within schools, workplace and community; and through the media and regulatory policies. The primary thrust is on evidence-based interventions and policies, and implementation quality and sustainability.

UPC Managers and Supervisors Series

The UPC consists of two series, namely: UPC for Managers and Supervisors (UPC-M&S) and UPC for Practitioners (UPC-P). The UPC-M&S provides a training programme for prevention managers and supervisors who manage and supervise the implementation of prevention interventions and/or policies. This series is composed of nine courses as follows:

Course 1: Introduction to Prevention Science
This course provides an overview of the science that underlies evidence-based prevention interventions and strategies, and the application of these effective approaches in prevention practice.

Course 2: Physiology and Pharmacology for Prevention Professionals
This course presents an overview of the physiology and pharmacology of psychoactive substances and their effects on the brain to affect mood, cognition and behaviour, and the consequences of such use on the individual, the family and the community.

Course 3: Monitoring and Evaluation of Prevention Interventions and Policies
This course gives an overview of primary evaluation methods used to measure evidence-based prevention interventions and guidance in applying them to “real-world” prevention settings.

Managers and Supervisors Course 04: Family-based Prevention Interventions
This course explores the family as the primary socialization agent of children, the science behind family-based prevention interventions, and the application of such evidence-based approaches to help prevent the onset of substance use in children.

Managers and Supervisors Course 05: School-based Prevention Interventions
This course presents an overview of the school in society, the science behind school-based prevention interventions, and the application of such evidence-based approaches in school settings around the world.

Managers and Supervisors Course 06: Workplace-based Prevention Interventions
This course provides an overview of the role of work and the workplace in society, how stresses and other work-related influences affect people’s risk of substance use, the science behind workplace prevention interventions, and the application of such evidence-based approaches in work settings around the world.

Managers and Supervisors Course 07: Environment-based Prevention Interventions
This course reviews the science underlying evidence-based substance use prevention environmental interventions, involving policy and community-wide strategies.

Managers and Supervisors Course 08: Media-based Prevention Interventions
This course presents the science underlying the use of media for substance use prevention interventions.

Managers and Supervisors Course 09: Community-based Prevention Implementation Systems
This course introduces the science underlying the systems approach to prevention interventions and guidance on developing such approaches, as well as exemplars of evidence-based drug use prevention systems.
The UPC-P is designed to provide knowledge, skills, and competencies to prevention practitioners so that they have a better understanding about the key elements of evidence-based (EB) prevention and about the most effective EB prevention interventions that are currently available. The series is not intended to prepare prevention practitioners to deliver these interventions, rather to provide the necessary knowledge and understanding about how these interventions were developed and why their delivery as designed is very important to the intervention’s level of effectiveness.

This training series provides practitioners with an in-depth knowledge and skills related to content, structure, effective delivery, and monitoring and evaluation of the short- and long-term impact of prevention interventions and policies. It consists of the CORE course and seven Specialty Courses, that is, Monitoring and Evaluation, School, Family, Workplace, Environment, Media and Prevention Delivery Systems. In addition to providing basic knowledge and skills in the various settings, the Specialty Track training also includes extensive in-class exercises and a practicum upon completion of two courses for each track. The three practica provide an opportunity to apply theory learned into practice in the field.

**CORE Course 10:**
**Introduction to the Universal Prevention Curriculum Series for Practitioners**

The CORE Course is composed of 10 modules representing different aspects of prevention science and its application to practice. It is designed to give participants a foundation in the knowledge and skills needed to undertake evidence-based prevention programming at the community level.

The course provides an overview of the basic processes that underlie addiction and the brain, basic pharmacology of psychoactive substances, and preventive mechanisms that have been found to be effective in more than 30 years of prevention science. It also provides skills-building in areas such as reviewing data needed to assess the substance use problem; working with a prevention implementation planning approach; and developing logic models to assist in that planning. It is required as a pre-requisite for participation in the specialty tracks. Each of the specialty tracks is self-contained but it is necessary to take the CORE first as an introduction to the training series.

**Practitioners Specialty Track 1: Family-based Prevention**

This track gives an overview of the science inherent in family-based prevention interventions and the methods used to intervene effectively in order to prevent substance use in children and adolescents. It also provides experiential learning in some of the skills used in effective family-based intervention methods to prepare prevention implementers to participate in such programmes. The seven courses in this track are as below:

**Course 11: Understanding Families: Diversity and Context**
This course presents research about the diversity of families within and across countries, how family structures differ and how families may function differently. It also discusses how family practices influence youth substance use and related problems and some basic skills for working with families.

**Course 12: Interventions with Families - Basic Models and Skills**
This course discusses general models of interventions with families such as the Family Partnership and Family Development Models. It also presents some examples of evidence-based interventions that prevent substance use.

**Course 13: Family-based Interventions: Skills & Evidence-Based Programs**
This course presents some of the best family programmes with the best evidence that target families with children of different ages such as: Nurse Family Partnership Model as an example of Home Visiting models for helping families of infants and toddlers; The Incredible Years and Dare To Be You intervention models to intervene with families of young children; Strengthening Families for Parents and Youth 10-14; and Multi-systemic Therapy intervention models which demonstrate skills used by professionals to intervene with families of adolescents.

**Course 14: Interventions with Groups - Management and Processes**
This course describes the concepts related to the management and processes of conducting multi-family group interventions that include identifying stages of group dynamics that occur in this type of intervention, characteristics of effective group leaders, skills of organizing a group, some common problems that occur with the structure and process of running family-based interventions in groups and challenges that might happen in groups.
Course 15: Barriers and Challenges to Family Interventions
This course examines some of the common barriers and solutions to implementing effective family-based prevention programmes in the community, such as, local customs and practices that may limit family participation, and some of the possible solutions that help families participate, despite barriers. It also examines different reasons for adapting programmes and illustrates the best practices in adapting programmes to make them match with the local culture.

Course 16: Interventions with Families: Ethics, Supervision and Self-Care
This course explains the basic principles of and application to working with families based on a model of ethical decision-making. It also examines concepts related to basic child maltreatment, intimate partner violence definitions and reporting, elder abuse, suicide and homicide in youth and adults, and burnout as well as steps for creating a self-care plan.

Course 17: Monitoring and Evaluation of Family Programs
This course discusses the importance of and application of monitoring and evaluation to family-based prevention interventions, the process for developing a monitoring system, and the purposes of process and outcome evaluation for family-based prevention interventions.

Practitioner Specialty Track 2: School-based Prevention
This track introduces the science behind school-based prevention interventions and policies, and the methods used to improve school climate, strengthen policies, and intervene directly with classroom prevention interventions. It provides one track for administrators on effective planning and strategies for addressing school policy and climate; and a second track for teachers primarily on classroom interventions. The eight courses in the track are as follows:

Course 21: Role of Schools in Prevention
This course provides the background information and skills about evidence-based substance use prevention in the school setting. It also builds a knowledge and skill base for school staff to implement and sustain substance use prevention programming in schools.

Course 22: Building Teams for Comprehensive School-Based Prevention
This course describes how to develop and contribute to the Prevention Leadership Action Team (PLAT) that will be responsible for implementing Evidence-based Prevention Interventions (EBIs) in the school. The PLAT is the infrastructure that will support the selection, implementation and evaluation of comprehensive substance use prevention initiatives.

Course 23: Creating Substance Use Prevention Policies in Schools
This course focuses on the process for examining school policy and how to include stakeholders in the policy development and implementation process.

Course 24: Creating A School Prevention Climate
This course explores the concept of a school prevention climate and how that positively affects learning and helps prevent problem behaviour, including substance use.

Course 25: Selecting Evidence-Based School Prevention Curricula
This course describes how to match the needs and climate of the school and classroom to the specific focus of these evidence-based interventions.

Course 26: Action Planning to Create a Comprehensive Substance Use Prevention Initiative
This course outlines the cyclical implementation process that the Prevention Leadership Action Team can use to successfully implement programmes, as well as policies and practices to help children and youth make positive decisions about substances.

Course 27: Positive Classroom Climate
This course describes how to create a positive engaging, protective environment in the classroom regardless of what prevention programme is selected. Such an environment facilitates learning and helps students connect to the goals of the school. It also provides an opportunity to work in teams and practice skills during this course.

Course 28: Interactive Teaching Skills
This course focuses on interactive teaching skills, including modelling and practicing these skills during the training sessions.
Practitioners Specialty Track 3: Workplace-based Prevention

This track presents the science underlying workplace-based prevention interventions and policies, and the methods and strategies workplaces can use to improve their environment and culture. It also provides experiential learning in planning for workplace policy changes and other substance use prevention efforts thus empowering employees to avoid substance use. It consists of the following seven courses:

Course 31: The Role of the Workplace in Prevention

This course describes the role of the workplace in prevention that includes how workplaces in communities impact the local community, how workplace and workforce substance use can impact different types of workplaces, workplace cultures, structures, environments and activities that reduce the likelihood of substance use among workers and workplace characteristics that may increase the likelihood of worker substance use. It also articulates the ethical principles guiding workplace prevention.

Course 32: Why the Workplace is an Important Setting for Prevention

This course discusses the costs of substance use among adults and how it affects local workplace, association between substance use and a variety of workplace performance and interpersonal problems and the components of a “business case for prevention” draft.

Course 33: Key Components of Workplace Substance Use Prevention Policies

This course defines the concept of stakeholders and how to identify stakeholders in the individual organisation. It also describe how different strategies target the workplace environment, social norms and interactions, and individual behaviour, the importance of taking a health and safety approach as well as how drug testing is used as part of prevention in the workplace.

Course 34: Developing Effective Workplace Substance Use Prevention Policies

This course examines the application of the 12 UNODC principles to policy development in the workplace, selection criteria for stakeholders in the development of policy and programme implementation, importance of substance use prevention and policies to stakeholders and others in the workplace and community, and utilisation of the Workplace Policy Template in developing a workplace prevention policy.

Course 35: Overview of UNODC International Standards on Drug Use Prevention

This course discusses the characteristics of and criteria for evidence-based workplace interventions as well as reviews and selects evidence-based interventions for applicability to the individual workplace.

Course 36: Implementing and Adapting Workplace-Based Programs

This course explains the steps in the implementation process and strategies to address the barriers to implementing prevention interventions.

Course 37: Monitoring and Evaluation as Applied to the Workplace

This course describes the importance of evaluation in the workplace, and the concept and process of process evaluation and the collaborative model of evaluation. It also outlines how to select the most appropriate evaluation design for the individual workplace.

Practitioners Specialty Track 4: Environment-based Prevention

This track reviews the science behind effective environment-based prevention interventions and policies – which focus on community-wide strategies to prevent tobacco and alcohol misuse; and illegal drug trafficking and use in various settings and the methods used to identify and successfully implement these interventions. It also provides experiential learning in planning for and implementing environmental policy changes and other community-wide substance use prevention efforts. The seven courses in this track are as follows:

Course 41: Description of the Environmental Approach

This course examines the components of the Environment-based Intervention (EI) track, planning framework, and Etiology Model. It also provides an opportunity to think strategically about how to plan interventions that will last, and reflect the specific culture(s) of an individual’s community.

Course 42: Assessment of Geographic Area and Need for Environmental Interventions

This course explains how to do an assessment of the local community including collection and use of the assessment data, define the geographic area or community and identify the specific environments within the community where alcohol, tobacco and other substances are sold, purchased and used. It also examines how to collect and use statistical data to describe the extent and nature of substance use and related consequences.
Course 43: Strategically Build Partnerships to Address Needs - Building a Prevention Team
The course describes the process of building partnerships with other organisations, agencies and individuals in the local community to address substance use prevention needs by building a prevention team representing organizations and groups such as businesses, law enforcement and other governmental agencies, the health care community, and educational institutions.

Course 44: Evidence-Based Environmental Interventions and Policies
This course examines some evidence-based environmental substance use prevention strategies to address substance use and related problems in the local community or country, and how they can affect substance use availability and norms through regulations and enforcement. It also explains how to identify and implement appropriate environmental interventions.

Course 45: Policy Advocacy
This course explains the steps involved in policy advocacy that include understanding various macro-environmental levels of policy change, developing a policy action statement for desired change, identifying implementation and enforcement partners, developing talking points, case statements, and media messages for advocacy, and doing follow up after a policy is adopted or not adopted.

Course 46: Development of a Community Strategic Environmental Prevention Plan
This course discusses the process for the development of a comprehensive community environmental prevention action plan that includes developing a logic model indicating environmental intervention strategies and how they will impact targeted outcomes, identifying and discussing steps involved in each environmental intervention strategy, and anticipating challenges and how to overcome them.

Course 47: Monitoring and Evaluation
This course examines the definitions and purposes of monitoring and evaluation, use of assessment data to establish baseline, target outcomes, and monitor intervention effects, steps for conducting a process evaluation to determine how well an intervention is implemented, and how to use data for ongoing surveillance and writing an evaluation report.

Practitioners Specialty Track 5: Media-based Prevention
This track discusses the science inherent in effective media-based substance use prevention interventions with a focus on developing successful persuasive communications. It also provides experiential learning in planning messages and media for reaching parents and youth in substance use prevention efforts. It comprises the following six courses:

Course 51: Introduction to Media and Their Use in Prevention
This course presents basic information relative to media campaigns including the steps for effective campaign planning. It also underscores the importance of understanding culture and the use of social media.

Course 52: The Nature of Media and Theories of How the Media Affect the Audience
This course describes how the Theory of Planned Behavior forms the foundation for persuasion and is applied in media messaging and media campaigns. It also explains the importance of Hovland's Message Learning Theory of Persuasion and how to apply it to media messages and campaigns.

Course 53: Practical Application of Persuasion in Substance Use Prevention
This course discusses ways in which the media can be used to people avoid substance use. It also explains how to develop a media campaign to target substance use problems.

Course 54: Improving the Impact of Media Campaigns
This course describes the media’s role in prevention and how they work in persuasive prevention. It also presents the advantages of mass media for communication, namely Reach, Return and Rapid Response.

Course 55: Monitoring and Evaluating Media Messages
This course focusses on various aspects related to monitoring and evaluating media messages such as developing measures of the media campaign’s audience’s knowledge, attitudes, and intentions to use psychoactive substances, using pre- and post-assessments of these measures to determine campaign effectiveness, and determining if persuasive effects found on immediate post-campaign measurement persist over time, at the individual and community levels. It also describes the data necessary to inform the development of effective substance use prevention campaigns in the home context.
Course 56: Applications to Practice
This course provides an opportunity for the application of knowledge acquired and skills learned in the preceding courses to developing an effective media campaign.

Practitioners Specialty Track 6: Community Prevention Implementation Systems
This track explores the science underlying the systems approaches to prevention interventions and presents the primary methods for planning community-wide implementation systems. It also provides experiential learning in planning and working with stakeholders to develop prevention intervention services. It consists of seven courses as follows:

Course 61: Rationale and Conceptual Framework
This course underscores the importance of substance use prevention in the community, micro- and macro-level environmental influences in communities, rationale for using teams to deliver EBIs to a community, need for multi-component prevention, and importance for planning interventions systemically and identifying environmental influences to inform the selection of EBIs. It also outlines a plan for teaching these concepts to a community team.

Course 62: Community-Based Implementation Systems
This course presents the benefits of using a community-based implementation system, identifies reasons why some community teams are successful, and phases of team development as well as how they influence team activities. It also discusses two evidence-based models of community implementation systems.

Course 63: Building a Community-Based Implementation System
This course provides an opportunity to identify and practice strategies that build capacity and foster teamwork, skills related to the roles and responsibilities of team members, and skills and abilities of effective team leaders and members in leadership roles. It also helps the team anticipate, adapt to and plan for change, identify common barriers and develop strategies to overcome challenges to effective teamwork as well as communication skills to teach others about the benefits of using EBIs.

Course 64: EBI Selection and Implementation
This course discusses needs assessment and data sources, strategies for building team capacity, matching community needs to the most appropriate EBIs, the importance of implementation fidelity and the need for adaptations when appropriate as well as the steps for developing a comprehensive implementation plan.

Course 65: Monitoring and Evaluation
This course underscores the importance of evaluation for implementers, evaluations that measure progress, intended outcomes and impact on the community, steps for monitoring team processes and EBI implementation as well as a data system to collect and use information. It also explains how data are used for continuous quality improvement.

Course 66: Sustainability
This course outlines the components of an implementation plan and its application to the community, use of logic models to support high quality implementation and sustainability of EBIs and the community team, sustainability inputs and characteristics of healthy teams, application of organisational and environmental strategies for the sustainability of EBIs and well-functioning teams and the implementation of sustainability concepts to a community team. It also outlines a sustainability plan and strategies to identify and secure resources using different approaches for different audiences.

Course 67: Prevention Systems Thinking and Networking to Build Capacity
This course explores how teams can link to multiple systems and influence multi-level interventions across community domains, basic concepts and benefits of “prevention systems thinking”, ways that community-based teams can network with larger prevention systems within and outside the community and technical assistance assessment.

Practitioners Specialty Track 7: Monitoring and Evaluation of Prevention Interventions and Policies
This track presents primary evaluation methods with a focus on monitoring and process evaluation used to measure outcomes of evidence-based substance use prevention interventions and policies. It also provides experiential learning in planning and monitoring outcomes through exercises and a practicum completed at the end of the track. There are eight courses in this track as follows:
Course 71: Overview of Monitoring and Evaluation
This course reviews key concepts related to monitoring and evaluation, such as its definition and purposes. It also examines the monitoring and evaluation system, and discusses the role of monitoring and evaluation in the Implementation Cycle.

Course 72: Logic Models
This course explains the definition, purposes, structure and limitations of logic models and how they are linked to the monitoring and evaluation system. It also provides examples from two evidence-based substance use prevention interventions, namely LifeSkills Training and Project Towards No Drug Abuse.

Course 73: Types of Data and Data Collection
This course describes two types of data, that is, quantitative and qualitative data. It also explains how to define and describe different data collection methods and how to apply them in an evaluation.

Course 74: Data Analysis and Reporting
This course examines different types of data analysis strategies for qualitative and quantitative data and effective ways to report the findings from monitoring and evaluation activities. It also focuses on how to collect, analyze and display data and report the results of implemented monitoring and evaluation activities.

Course 75: Process Evaluation and Program Monitoring
This course reviews the concepts and procedures for programme monitoring and process evaluation. It also explains how to develop a process evaluation and programme monitoring plan that is linked to needs assessments and the logic model process.

Course 76: Outcome Evaluation
This course discusses the basic principles and practices of the outcome evaluation design and methods such as outcome measures, data collection, data analysis, and reporting.

Course 77: Ethics
This course addresses the ethics underlying monitoring and evaluation when involving the community, collecting and storing data, reporting and ownership of evaluation findings. It also emphasizes the importance of maintaining confidentiality.

Course 78: Monitoring and Evaluation Plan: Review of Practicum 2
This course explains various methods for conducting monitoring and evaluation, components of the monitoring and evaluation system, and how to build logic models based on an understanding of the community or target population needs and intervention intent.